# جامعة بغداد / كلية العلوم / قسم علوم الحياة الامتحان التنافسي للطلبة المتقدمين للدراسات العليا للعام الدراسي 2015-2016

# الدكتوراه / علم البيئة

الاسم الثلاثي:

الشهادة المتقدم اليها:

التخصص العام:

		MCQ	2012年1月1日 1月1日
المادة '	الدرجة رقمأ	الدرجة كتابة	رقم الصفحة
بيئة مائية			2-1
تلوث صناعي			4-3
بيئة حيوانية			5
بيئة كيميائية			7-6
تلوث بيئي			8
المجموع من 60%			
المادة		S.A	后来将某种产生的。 15
	الدرجة رقماً	الدرجة كتابة	رقم الصفحة
بيئة مائية			11-9
تلوث صناعي			14-12
بيئة حيوانية			15
بيئة كيميائية			17-16
			10
			18

# Choose the correct answer:-

Q1	Best ecologic	cal factors in Ecosystem a	quatic:	
	a. Salinity	b. Factors interfe	erence	
02/	Changing	S		
Q2/	Changing of	water temperature by		
	a. Turbidity	b. Water sour	ce	
Q3/	The effect of	water movement on livir	ng organisms due to	
	a. Effects on	bottom components	b. Nutrient transmiss	ion
Q4/	Гуре of livin	g organisms according to	the effect of salinity	
	. 77.1. 1.1.		1 77 1 1 111	
	a.Halophobic	•	b. Halophilic	
05/	Ti .			
Q5/	I ne importa	nt of water movement to	the living organisms	
ä	a. Individuals	distribution.	b.Removal of wastes	
O6/	Divided of la	ikes according to the pres	ence of nutrients	
~ ~		mes according to the pres	ence of natificities.	
	a. Oligo trop	hic	b.Eutrophic.	c.Dystrophic
0.51	D			
<b>Q</b> 7/	Divided of B	iochemical cycles:		
	a. Preciptation	n.	b.Different cycles	c.Gaseous cycles

b. Submerged plants

Q8/ Types of producers in fresh water

a. Algae

09	)/	<b>Types</b>	of	lakes	according	to	geological	formation
X.		- ,	0.	TOTAL	accor and	·	ZCUIUZICAI	ioimanon

a.Lunate.

b.Cyclic.

c.Semi-oblique

## Q10/ Calcium sources in lakes:

a.Denudation.

b.Stalactite

## Q11/ Factors effects the nature of fresh water:

a.Solar radiation

b. Wind temperature.

c.Air

## Q12/ Types of productivity

a.Primary productivity

b.Direct productivity

c.Secondary productivity

## 13. Productivity measurements methods:

a.Oxgen method

b.Calcium ion method

## Q14/ Light measurements instruments:

a.Luxmeter..

b.Luminosity measurement

# Q15/ Participate of microorganisms in substances cycle by

a.Oxidation of organic compounds

b. Aerobic and anaerobic decomposition

## Q16/ Current speed limited by

a.Battoms roughness

b.Gradient declination

## Q17/Measurement methods of environmental pollutants:

a.Completcpmpound formation.

b.Photodensity method

## Q18/The sources of NO2 gas pollution include:

a.Natural sources

b.Oxidation of organic compounds

## Q19/ Risks of air pollution by Nitrogen oxide gas include:

a. The blue baby phenomenon

b.Cause harm to buildings- plant and life

## Q20/ Risks of air pollution by Pb include:

a.Replace the calcium in body

b.Reducehaemoglobin producing

## Q21/ Sources of air pollution by smoke:

a.Transportation

b.Trash and garbage

## Q22/ Pollutants that cause water acidity:

a.Industrial waste and sewage water b.The hydroxides

#### Q23/ Food pollutants include:

a. Heavy metals

b.Parasites ad bacteria

#### Q24/ Famous Bacteria contaminate food:

a.Bacillus groups

b. Viberio groups

O25/	<b>Famous</b>	Fungi	toxins	food
VESI	Lamous	Lungi	LUAIIIS	iouu

a. Aphlatoxins

b.Okratoxins

# Q26/ Important pollutants (chemicals) in food:

a. Heavy metals

b.Preservatives

## Q27/ Thepermitted of Pb in drinking water:

a.0.5 Mg/L

b.10Mg/L

# Q28/ The permitted limit of Hg in canning foods is

a. 0.9 ppm

b.0.5ppm

# Q29/ the permitted limit of air pollution by Pb is

a.0.15Mg/M3

b.0.17Mg/L

# Q30/The permitted limit of chloride concentration in drinking water is

a.250 Mg/L

b.275Mg/L

## Q31/ Air pollution by radial particles

a. Beta particles

b.Gamma ray

## Q32/ Isotopes and X-ray usually used in

a. Industary

b.Photography picturing

Q33/ Which	of the following is NOT one of the four Methods lost heat in animal
A. Com	bustion B. conduction C. Evaporation D. Radiation
Q34/ The al	pility of wild animals to navigate may be adversely affected by products of human activity.
A. True	B. False
Q35/ Predat	tion and parasitism which is considered interactions between two populations lead to
	ects on growth and survival of one of the populations
A. True	B. False
Q36/ Adapta	ation to avoid predator as known a camouflage
A. True	B. False
Q37/ The ca	uses of behavior include both the external stimuli that affect behavior, and the internal and neural mechanisms that control behavior
A. True	B. False
029/ 4.1	
Q38/ A lesse	r-known mechanism of speciation occur by hybridization
A. True	B. False

## Q39/ Secondary plant compounds are:

a- By product of animal metabolism

b- Defensive plant materials.

c- An essential materials for plant growth

d- Fertilizers

#### Q40/ Allelochemics are:

a- Terpenoids

b-Alkaloids

c-Phenols

d-All above mentioned groups

## Q41/ Apparent plants can escape their enemies by

a- Escape in time b-Escape in space c-Escape in time and space d-Using repellant compounds

## Q42/ Digestibility reducing substances are:

a-Toxins

b- Repellent materials

c-Attractant materials

d-Disrupting digestion

#### O43/ Allelochemics can affect animals as follows:

a- Positively b-Negatively

c-Neutral effect

d-All above mentioned points

## Q44/ Plants can escape from their adaptive enemies by:

a- Escape in time

b-Escape in space

c-Using other plant odder d-All above mentioned

#### Q45/ Humans used plant Allelochemics in:

a- Medication

b-Insect control

c-Weed control

d-All above mentioned

## Q46/ Animals can discriminate their food either by:

Test

b-Smell

c-Sight

d-All above mentioned

#### Q47/ Adaptive animals can escape host plant toxins by:

a- Detoxifying toxins b-Storing them c-Using them against their enemies d-All above mentioned

# Q48/ Plants can protect their tissues from predators by:

a- Translocation nutrients b-Reduced water in tissues c-Increasing fiber content of the leaves

d- All above mentioned

# Q49/ The fate of plant toxins in insects feeding on toxic plants is:

a- Metabolized or execrated b-Store unchanged c-Store metabolite d-All above mentioned

# Q50/ Toxins concentration in some plants follows the following trends:

a-Decreased with the progression of season b-Increased with the progression of the season

c-Having steady concentration d-None of all above

## Q51/ Digestibility reducing system in plants characterized by:

a-dehydrate and condense molecules b- Inhibition of prolytic enzymes c-Inhibition of polysaccharides digestion d-All above mentioned

## Q52/ Plants defense strategy includes:

a- Reach faster development, maturation, and reproduction b-To be with other plants having chemical repellants
c-Having adequate amount of toxins which affect the predator and limits it's nutrient reserve
d-All above mentioned

## Q53/ Plants are important to insects because:

a- Food and shelter b-Transportation c-Protection from storms d-For hibernation

#### Q54/ Insects are important for plants because:

a- As food b-Shelter c-Transportation d-Supply of water

Q55/ Which ga	as is primarily	responsible for	Green Hous	e Effect i.e glob	al warming. ?
A. CO2	B. CO	C. SO2	D. NO2		
Q56/ Population	ons of organis	ms living in aqua	tic life zone	s may be limite	d by
	o light. B. nu these answers	trient availability.	C. dissolve	ed oxygen. D.	all of these answers
Q57/ Lakes th	at have few m	inerals and low p	roductivity	are referred to	as.
A. autotrop	hic. B. eutro	ophic. C. ol	igotrophic.	D. mesotrophic	e. E. oligomesotrophic
Q58/Which th	e following Pe	esticide Families i	s more dang	gerous on huma	n health
A) Fungic	ides	B) Insection	cides	C) Herb	cides
Q59/ Acid rain	ı is formed du	e to contribution	from the fo	ollowing pair of	gases
A) Methan	ne and ozone	B) Oxygen and nit	rous oxide	C) methane and	sulpher dioxide
D) Carbon	dioxide and	sulpher dioxide			
Q60/ The cent	ral nervous sy	vstem syndrome i	s induced by	y a total-body a	bsorbed dose of
A. more the	an 1000 rad	B. more than 10 m	rad. C. 10	-1000 rad D	. more than 5000 rad

# Answer the following questions briefly

Q1/The effects of water movement on living organisms.
Q2/Classification of lakes depending on trophic level.
Q3/The side effects on nature of fresh water
Q4/ The Methods measurement of productivity in Ecosystem.

Q5/ The Factors which limited the vilosity of water currents
Q6/The living organisms at continental shelf zone .
Qui The fiving of gamisms at continental shell zone.
Q7/The factors which effects the material consist of sea Benthic zone
Q8/ The classification of Estuaries?

Q9/ Causes of Alkalinity of water?
Q10/ Sources of pollution with Nitro gene oxide?
Q10/ Sources of pollution with Nitro gene oxide?
Q10/ Sources of pollution with Nitro gene oxide?
Q10/ Sources of pollution with Nitro gene oxide?
Q10/ Sources of pollution with Nitro gene oxide?
Q10/ Sources of pollution with Nitro gene oxide?
Q10/ Sources of pollution with Nitro gene oxide?

Q11/The Important oil pollutants in water?

Q12/ Consist of negative Detergents in water?

Q13/ Sources of air pollution with dust?	
Q14/ The chemical consist of acid rain?	
Q15/ Classification of bacteria contaminate the food?	

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Q18/ Causes of Alkalinity of water?

Q19/ Sources of pollution with Nitro gene oxide?
Q20/The permit ion level of Cd in drinking water?
Q21/ The permit ion level of Hg in cane food?
Q22/ The permit ion level of Chloride in drinking water?

Q 23/ What do we mean by population ecology?
Q24/ Define the term mortality and natality?
Q25/ What is the difference between migration and emigration?
Q26/ Define the term Osmoregulation?

Q27/ What are the major groups of secondary plant compounds?
O29/W/hat are the residence and Allahabaria also found in amount plants?
Q28/ What are the major group of Allelochemicals found in apparent plants?
Q29/ How apparent plants can escape their predators?
Q30/ What are the properties of toxins?
Q31/ What are the properties of digestibility reducing substances?

Q32/What we are mean by escaping in time and space from plant natural enemies?
Q33/ Can we find animal hormones in plants?
Q34/ What we mean by "Paper factor"?
Q35/ What did you know about Source-sink relation between aphid and their host plant?
Q36/What are the advantages of being specialist (food specialist)?

Q37/ What do we mean by bioengineered organism?	
Q38/What is the aim of the uranium enrichment process?	
230/ What is the ann of the dramum enrichment process?	
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Q39/What do we mean by green chemistry?	
	-
	•
Q40/The greenhouse gases are:-	
1 2	
3 4	