ماستر (الحاولية ع) - حيمياء -

Ph.D. Competative examination (Analytical Chemistry)

Answer the following questions according to the request quoted with each.
Q1: Atomic Absorption relies on the formation of in the ground state, otherwise interferences will occur; which could be,
a)interferences. Orb)interferences, c)interferences. Q2: Tick the correct phrase;
a) GC work under high vacuum while mass spectrometry require high pressureb) GC work under high pressure while mass spectrometry work under vacuum.
 Q3: Three explanation is regarded as best to describe the mechanisim of Microwave and how is works, they are as follows; a) b) C)
 Q6: Numerate three factors that will affect precipitation from homogeneous solution, a)
Q9: A) In gas chromatography the detectors that are used; a) b) C)
Q10: Electrophoresis deals with Compound.
Q11: Silver ion is usually determined indirectly by Volhard method by titration with using indicator. Q12: Laser spectroscopy is based on FOUR steps and they are; a) b) c)
Q13: There are many kinds of reference electrodes. Numerate three; a) b) c)
(214: A) Give with simple examples the meaning of Von Weimarn relation. B) Give two differences between Turbidimetry & Nephelometry. 215: Polarography relies on the use of as an indicator electrode to measure

Time:-30 minutes.

Competition Examination For Ph.D candidate]

Q1)	Write down	the chemical	structure &	the names	of:-
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- a- The final product (s) of the complete oxidation of glucose in the presence of oxygen,
- b- The product(s) of beta –oxidation of saturated fatty acid.

Q2) what is the main difference between the following terms:-

- a- Nucleotide & Nucleoside.?
- b- Catabolism & Anabolism.
- c- Hormone& Enzyme.
- d- Allosteric enzyme & enzyme that follow Michalis-Menton kinetics.

Q3) Choose the correct answer:-

1) All the 20 a.a.s are optically active except:-

a-lysine.

b-the aromatic a.a.s.

c-glycine.

d-serine.

e-cysteine.

- 2) A codon consists of:
 - a-one molecule of aminoacyl-tRNA.

b- Two complementary base pairs.

c- three consecutive base pairs.

d-an individual ribosome

e- four individual nucleotides.

3)All the following contain glucose as a structural unit except:-

a-maltose.

b-glycogen.

c-mannose.

d-lactose.

e-sucrose.

4) Hydrolysis of a mixture of phosphoglycerides may yield all the following except:-

b-choline.

c-galactose.

d-glycerol.

e-phosphate.

5) The major source of extracellular cholesterol for human tissue is :-

a-VLDL.

b-LDL.

c-HDL.

d- albumin .

e- gama globulin.

6) Which one of the following is characteristic of low insulin levels:-

a- increase glycogen synthesis.

b- decrease gluconeogenesis from lactate;

c-increase formation of hydroxybutyrate

d-decrease glycogenolysis.

7) A peptide bond:-

a- is ionized at the physiological pH.

b- is cleaved by agents that denature proteins

c- occur most commonly in the cis configuration.

c-has a partial double bond character.

8) The rate of DNA synthesis in a culture of cells could be most accurately determined by Measuring the incorporation of which of the following

a- phosphate.

b-adenine.

c-gaunine.

d-thymidine.

e-uridine.