



نموذج ٢

الامتحان التنافسي للمتقدمين للدراسات العليا (الدكتوراه) لقسم الفيزياء-كلية العلوم
جامعة بغداد للعام الدراسي ٢٠١٦-٢٠١٧

الاختصاص: فيزياء الاغشية الرقيقة

اولاً: الورقة العامة ٢٠%

1- Multiple Choice Questions:

Q.1) A baseball has a mass of 0.145kg. The resultant force required to given this baseball an acceleration of 400m/sec^2 is: a) 85N, b) 58 N, c) 77 N, d) 60 N.

Q.2) An electric motor exerts a force of 400N on a cable and pulls it a distance of 30m in 1 min. the power supplied by the motor is : a) 200 watt, b) 150 watt, c) 300 watt, d) 234 watt.

Q.3) The Hamilton's function for one-dimension harmonic oscillator is:

a) $H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + \frac{k}{2}x^2$, b) $H = \frac{m}{2}v^2 + \frac{k}{2}x^2$, c) $H = \frac{p^2}{2m} - \frac{k}{2}x^2$, d) $H = \frac{m}{2}v^2 - \frac{k}{2}x^2$.

Q.4) There are----- of lattice in 3-dimension

- a)5 b)14 c)7 d)3

Q.5)Crystals of inert gas atoms are bound by

- a)Hydrogen interaction b)Van der Waals interaction c)Ionic bond d)Covalent bond

Q.6)Metals are bound by the reduction in the ----- of the valence electrons in the metals as compared with the free atom.

- a)P.E. b)K.E. c)Both K.E. and P.E. d)Repulsive energy

Q.7) Function written as $y = -4x + 16$ is general form of

- a)slope 16, y-intercept(0,-4) b)slope 4, y-intercept(0,-16)
c)slope 0, y-intercept(-4,16) d)slope -4, y-intercept(0,16)

Q.8) Value of determinant is computed by adding multiples of one column to

- a) another column b)another matrix c)another dimension d)another row

Q.9) Two equations that can be drawn as same line on graph then these equations are considered as

- a) constant equations b)solved equations c)equivalent equations d)non-equivalent equations

Q.10) Q1/ the single particle intrinsic spin (S) has one of the following values:

- a) \hbar b) $\hbar/2$ c) $n\hbar$ d) \hbar^2

Q.11) Which of the following relations are correct for the harmonic oscillator system

a) $L^2 |lm\rangle = \hbar^2 l(l+1) |lm\rangle$ b) $[L^2, L^z] = 0$
c) $H = \frac{p_x^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2 x^2$ d) $F_l^l(\theta, \phi) = P(\theta)Q(\phi)$

Q.12) Hydrogen like atom represented according to one of the following set of quantum numbers

- a) (n_x, n_y, n_z) b) (n, l, m_l) c) (S, S_z, T, T_z) d) non of the forgoing options



2- Short Note Questions:

Q.1) A pendulum bob with a weight of 20N hangs from a cord. A horizontal force sufficient to bring the cord to an angle of 25° with the vertical is applied to the bob. Find the tension in the cord?

Q.2) A ball is thrown horizontally with a velocity of 50ft/sec from a tower 100ft high. Find the time of flight?

Q.3) Write about Laue conditions

Q.4) Write about crystals of inert gases

Q.5) Find the divergence and curl of $\vec{A} = (2xz)\hat{i} + (x^2y)\hat{j} + (x - y^2z)\hat{k}$

at point (2,-1,1)

Q.6) Find the modules and the principle argument of complex number

$$Z = \frac{(1+i)^2}{1-i}$$

Q.7) Rewrite this equation to produce Ψ_1 , Ψ_2 and Ψ_3 in term of Ψ_0

Q.8) the orbital angular momentum quantum number ($\ell=3, 2, 1$) find all possible values of total spin (j)



ثانياً: الورقة الخاصة ٨٠%

Multiple Choice Questions:

- Q.1) In diode the relation between current and voltage is:
(a) Linear (b) Square (c) Exponential (d) Not these
- Q.2) The pattern of XRD in amorphous semiconductor in form:
(a) Spots (b) Sharp holes (c) Wide holes (d) Peaks
- Q.3) Elements with 1, 2, or 3 valence electrons usually make excellent:
(a) conductors (b) semiconductors (c) insulators (d) neutral
- Q.4) Schokly – Raad equation given the relation between mobility and:
(a) Energy gap (b) Activation energy (c) Conductivity (d) Relaxation time
- Q.5) Tauc relation gives the:
 (a) Conductivity (b) Mobility (c) Energy gap (d) Dielectric constant
- Q.6) If conductance increases as temperature increases, this is known as a:
(a) positive coefficient (b) negative current flow
(c) negative coefficient (d) positive resistance
- Q.7) Lattice mismatches which mean:
(a) Difference conductivity (b) Similar conductivity
(c) Dissimilar crystal structure (d) Similar crystal structure
- Q.8) Energy gap for IR detector semiconductor is:
(a) Wide gap (b) Narrow gap (c) No energy gap (d) Semimetal
- Q.9) If the drift velocity of holes under a field gradient of 100 V/m is 5 m/p, the mobility is
(a) 0.05 (b) 0.5 (c) 50 (d) 500
- Q.10) Semiconductor laser diode includes the:
 (a) Indirect transition (b) Direct transition (c) No transition (d) Forbidden transition
- Q.11) What would be a typical magnitude for the reverse current in a general- purpose Silicon diode?
(a) A few picoampers (b) A few nanoampers
(c) A few microampers (d) A few milliamperes
- Q.12) In a-Si the dangling bond can be saturated by:
(a) Nitrogen (b) Hydrogen (c) Oxygen (d) Argon



2-Short Note Questions

- Q1: Who can produce a-Si:H by glow discharge.
- Q2: Draw an ideal I-V characteristic solar cell. ✓
- Q3: Thermoelectric power is the one of methods to determine the type of carriers for semiconductor explain this method. ✓
- Q4: Draw indirect transition with phonon emits and absorb. ✓
- Q5: What type of thermal detectors? ✓
- Q6: Write the equation of detectivity and responsivity in detectors. ✓
- Q7: Compare between CFO and Mott-Davies model for amorphous semiconductors.
- Q8: Draw the dependence of mobility on temperature. ✓